State of Louisiana DIVISION OF ADMINISTRATION



OFFICE OF STATEWIDE REPORTING AND ACCOUNTING POLICY

M. J. AMIKE@ FOSTER, JR. GOVERNOR

MARK C. DRENNEN
COMMISSIONER OF ADMINISTRATION

June 3, 2002

MEMORANDUM OSRAP 02-32

TO: All ISIS State Agencies

FROM: F. Howard Karlton, CPA, CGFM

Director

SUBJECT: Instructions for Preparation of the Annual Fiscal Report (AFR)

Enclosed are the instructions and forms necessary for the completion of your reporting entity's Annual Fiscal Report for the period ending June 30, 2002. Fiscal year 2002 will be the first year that Louisiana will report according to GASB 34. We at OSRAP have tried to lessen the impact on the agencies of this dramatic change as much as possible. OSRAP, for example, will prepare all of the depreciation schedules for movable property and buildings. Some of the notes, however, have been expanded.

As in prior fiscal years, you will obtain the "lead" schedules for Schedules 1, 3, and 4 from BUNDL. You will notice there were no changes made to these forms. In an effort to aid agencies, all applicable information in the ISIS files has been accumulated and the schedules produced. The lead schedules, which will be sent to you, are to be returned with your completed AFR packet. DO NOT RETYPE THE LEAD SCHEDULES. Add the changes in the adjustment column on all schedules and adjust accordingly. Statements A and B and Schedules 2 and 5 will no longer be produced and are not required for all agencies except Non-ISIS and elected officials. Information that was on these statements and schedules, will be included in the notes, such as payroll accrual by programs, petty cash, and deferred revenue. Information for GASB 34, the new reporting model, accruals will be in the notes. Other information, needed by this office, will be obtained from ISIS reports.

Schedules 1, 3, and 4 will be on Bundl after the 8/14/02 close. The ISIS report numbers are 4G31, 4G32, and 4G33, respectively. **Any changes that are needed on these schedules should be made on the original.**

The instructions for Schedule1, column IV for expenditures has changed. You will need to read the information in paragraph #4 of page 6 of the instructions carefully.

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As in the past, agencies should consider materiality before making adjustments to ISIS-generated schedules. Remember your agency reports are intended "to present fairly, in all <u>material</u> respects, the financial operations" of your agency. In this regard, the following table will be the basis of determining materiality and will assist you in your decision of adjusting the system reports or submitting them unchanged. If your aggregate adjustments are \$100,000 or more, <u>we ask that you adjust the lead schedules regardless of the conclusions drawn from the materiality table</u>. Additionally, in deciding if adjustments should be made, you should use the aggregate amount of all adjustments. For example, if you have \$300,000 in expenditures with five adjustments totaling \$15,000 or more, you should take the adjustment. Each adjustment <u>does not stand on its own</u>. Materiality under the sliding scale method may be determined by multiplying the appropriate factor below by total revenues or expenditures. Using the table, apply the corresponding factor, interpolating as necessary between two factors.

Revenues/E	<u>Factor</u>	
\$	300,000	.050
	1,000,000	.017
	.015	
	10,000,000	.012
	50,000,000	.008
	100,000,000	.007
1,	,000,000,000	.005

Materiality factors are designed as an aid in completing the AFR. To ensure that the materiality tables shown above are not impacting the state's CAFR adversely, keep a record of all the differences you discover and do not reflect on your financial reports. This list must be forwarded with the AFR packet to both the Legislative Auditors and to this office.

The forms and instructions are designed to meet the general needs of most reporting units; however, this should not preclude adaptations (after approval from this office) for units having unique reporting situations.

You are not required to submit copies of system reports with your AFR (except Schedules 1, 3, and 4). The reports that you need not submit include the appropriation reports, agency trial balances, and copies of any ad hoc reports.

Any changes from last year in the instructions, AFR, and notes appear in bold lettering.

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The completed packet should include the following:

A. Schedules

- 1. <u>Schedule 1</u> (General Operating Appropriation Funds, Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budgetary Comparison, Current Year Appropriation Budget Legal Basis)
- 2. <u>Schedule 3</u> (Schedule of Appropriated Revenue by Type General Operating Appropriation Funds)
- 3. Schedule 3-1 (Schedule of Adjustments Due to Cash Basis Programs)
- 4. <u>Schedule 4</u> (Schedule of Non-Appropriated Major State Revenue and Income Not Available)
- 5. <u>Schedule 6</u> (Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Non-Appropriated Other Funds)
- 6. <u>Schedule 6-1</u> (Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Escrow Fund)
- 7. Schedule 8 (Schedule of Federal Financial Assistance)
- 8. Schedule 13 (Schedule of Interagency Receipts)
- 9. Notes

The deadline for the AFR packet is September 3, 2002.

This format is available as a Word document. At your request, we will email the format to you or, if you prefer, send it to you on diskette. If you want to use a diskette, please send a blank, formatted diskette to OSRAP and we will copy this document and send the diskette by return mail.

A copy of the Annual Report must be forwarded under separate cover, with an original, signed affidavit, to the Office of the Legislative Auditor, (Post Office Box 94397, Baton Rouge, LA 70804-9397) as they will not send out separate affidavit forms. Please be certain that copies of all schedules are included. Also, original affidavits must be sent to the Office of Statewide Reporting and Accounting Policy and the Legislative Auditor's Office. These must both be original documents which have been signed and notarized. Do not staple the reports, use a binder clip.

If you should have any questions concerning the above, you may contact the Office of Statewide Reporting and Accounting Policy analyst assigned to your agency. Please see the attached list.

Enclosures

AGENCY ASSIGNMENTS

<u>DEPARTMENT</u>	<u>ANALYST</u>	PHONE #
Office of the Governor (except 107) 01-100 through 01-133	Deborah Zun	del 342-2209
Executive Office 01-107	Pam Stephen	as 342-0712
Judiciary (All)	Mark Rhodes	342-5509
Economic Development 05-249 through 05-259	Deborah Zun	del 342-2209
Culture, Recreation, and Tourism 06-261 through 06-267	Yuchi Fong	342-0709
Department of Transportation 07-273 through 07-276	Rae Marrero	342-0710
Corrections 08-400 through 08-416,450,451	Renee Withe	rs 342-1089
Public Safety 08-418 through 08-425,966,928	Yuchi Fong	342-0709
Natural Resources 11-430 through 11-435	Pam Stephen	ıs 342-0712
Revenue and Taxation 12-440 through 12-441	Pam Stephen	ıs 342-0712
Environmental Quality 13-850 through 13-855	Pam Stephen	ıs 342-0712
Labor 14-473 through 14-475	Yuchi Fong	342-0709
Wildlife 16-512 through 16-514	Katherine Po	rche 219-4442
Civil Service 17-560 through 17-564	Pam Stephen	ıs 342-0712
Retirement (All)	Yuchi Fong	342-0709
DHH and DSS 09-305/306/307/326/330/340/351 09-311/319	Rae Marrero Renee Withe	342-0710 rs 342-1089

<u>DEPARTMENT</u>	<u>ANALYST</u>	PHONE #
DHH - Mental Health Facilities 09-331 through 09-338	Nelson Green	342-1090
DHH - Schools 09-341 through 09-349	Mark Rhodes	342-5509
DSS 10-355 through 10-374	Mark Rhodes	342-5509
Education (Excluding Colleges and Vo-Tech 19-651 through 19-699	s) Katherine Por	che 219-4442
Special Acts	Nelson Green	342-1090
Other Requirements 20-906 through 20-980	Rae Marrero	342-0710
Group Benefits Risk Management	Sue Seab Sue Seab	342-1088 342-1088

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UNIT TYPE: All State Agencies

PROCEDURES: Sequential Steps in the Preparation of the Annual Fiscal Report

1. Prepare Schedule 3 (Schedule of Appropriated Revenue by Type - General Operating Appropriation Funds) Note: ISIS agencies will have to adjust system-generated reports if material differences are found.

- 2. Prepare Schedule 4 (Schedule of Non-Appropriated Major State Revenue and Income Not Available) Note: ISIS agencies will have to adjust system-generated reports if <u>material</u> differences are found.
- 3. Prepare Schedule 1 (General Operating Appropriation Funds, Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budgetary Comparison, Current Year Appropriation Budget Legal Basis) Note: ISIS agencies will have to adjust system-generated reports if <u>material</u> differences are found.
- 4. Prepare Schedule 3-1 (Schedule of Adjustment Due to Cash Basis Programs) For agencies with cash basis programs only
- 5. Prepare Schedule 6 (Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Non Appropriated Other Funds)
- 6. Prepare Schedule 6-1 (Schedule of Changes in Balance(s) Escrow Fund)
- 7. Prepare Schedule 13 (Schedule of Interagency Receipts)
- 8. Prepare Schedule 8 (Schedule of Federal Financial Assistance)
- 9. Prepare Note presentations.

UNIT TYPE: All State Agencies

PROCEDURES: Schedule 3

Schedule 3 is a presentation of <u>Revenue</u> activity for the agency appropriation (general & auxiliary) activities. It is generally intended to reflect activities of ISIS and as such is normally a presentation of financial data on a legal budgetary basis. Non revenue items (i.e. T210, T220, T340, T100, T110, T120, T130, T310, T150, T170, T180, T190, T195, T300, T200) <u>are not</u> shown on this schedule. Agencies on central cash management will receive a "lead" Schedule 3. The information on the schedule, as mentioned in the cover letter, is derived from data in ISIS. <u>DO NOT RETYPE THIS LEAD SCHEDULE</u>. Should you have adjustments, make pencil corrections on the lead schedule in Column VII and return it to this office with your packet. <u>Remember adjustments less than those established using the materiality factors shown in the cover letter should not be made</u>. Those agencies not on central cash management may obtain Schedule 3 information from agency manual financial ledgers. The following is the method used in preparing the lead schedules:

- 1. Enter the three digit ISIS Means of Financing Appropriation Number associated with the detail appropriated fund source in Column I.
- 2. In Column II enter the four digit ISIS revenue source code for revenue collections in that appropriated fund source.
- 3. In Column III enter by ISIS revenue source code the total cash receipts received and classified through June 30, 2002, from the June 30, 2002, Appropriation Report. Do not include non-revenue items listed above.
- 4. Under Column IV enter by ISIS revenue source code the total cash receipts on deposit with the State Treasury and not classified as of June 30, 2002, (assumes classification subsequent to June 30, 2002). Refer to ISIS report 5G25 Prior Year Classification of Deposits on File as of 6/30/02 Report to obtain listing of unclassified receipts and to your July/August monthly transaction listings to determine subsequent classification type.
- 5. Column V is the total of Columns III and IV.
- 6. In Column VI enter by ISIS revenue source code the accounts receivable which were collected and classified between 7/1/02 and 8/14/02 for the reported fiscal year within those appropriated sources which were not included in either Column III or IV.
- 7. Agencies on central cash management would record material modified accrual adjustments to ISIS information in Column VII.
- 8. Column VIII "Total Revenue" is the total of Columns V, VI and VII. If classifications have been accomplished in accordance with established time frames, this amount should agree with the August 14, 2002 Appropriation Report for fiscal year 2001-2002 except for adjustments in Column VII.

<u>NOTE</u>: <u>The Total Revenue figure may include revenue in excess of budget</u>. Direct General Fund Appropriation and Interim Emergency Board activity are <u>not</u> included on this schedule.

UNIT TYPE: All State Agencies PROCEDURES: Schedule 3-1

<u>Section A</u> is a method of adjusting 2002 ISIS Means of Financing for departments (i.e. DHH) who have cash basis programs (such as Titles 18 and/or 19). This schedule is intended to allow a means of reflecting revenue accrual data (both 2000-2001 and 2001-2002) against budgetary basis revenue data for those units having cash basis programs. <u>Units without these programs are not required to complete Schedule 3-1.</u>

- 1. Column I-Enter the three digit ISIS Means of Financing Appropriation Number associated with each fund.
- 2. Column II-Enter the total revenue from Column VIII of Schedule 3 by means of financing.
- 3. Column III-Enter the <u>accrual</u> amounts established in 2000-2001 by means of financing, from the Schedule 3-1, column IV in your fiscal year 2001 AFR.
- 4. Column IV-Enter the 2002 cash basis program <u>accruals</u> by means of financing, i.e., revenues earned prior to June 30, 2002, but which will be deposited to the 2002-03 fiscal year during the period July 1, 2002 through June 30, 2003.
- 5. Column V-Equals Column II minus III plus IV.

<u>Section B</u> Schedule 3-1 is a means of adjusting 2001-02 ISIS expenditures for departments which have cash basis programs.

Should you feel your agency is required to complete this part of 3-1, call your designated analyst at the Office of Statewide Reporting and Accounting Policy for further instructions.

UNIT TYPE: All State Agencies

PROCEDURES: Schedule 4

Schedule 4 is a presentation of non-appropriated (INA, major state and other non-appropriated) revenue activity occurring within the agency unit that is not available to finance operations, and as such is normally a presentation of financial data on a legal budgetary basis which is normally equivalent to a modified accrual basis. Like Schedule 3, agencies on central cash management will receive a "lead" Schedule 4. DO NOT RETYPE THIS LEAD SCHEDULE. If you have adjustments, make pencil corrections on the lead schedule in Column VIII and return it to this office with your packet. Those agencies not on central cash management may obtain Schedule 4 information from agency manual financial ledgers. The following is the method used in preparing the "lead" schedules:

- 1. In Column I enter the three-digit ISIS Appropriation Number and title associated with the Non-Appropriated Fund Source. (Income not available will <u>not</u> have a separate agency appropriation number. This number will be XB2.)
- 2. In Column II enter the four-digit ISIS revenue collection center organization number for the revenue source being reported.
- 3. In Column III enter the four digit ISIS revenue source code.
- 4. In Column IV enter by ISIS revenue object code the total cash receipts classified through June 30, 2002, received in that collection center from the related ISIS Organization Responsibility Report (2G00). Do not include non revenue accounts (i.e. T210, T220, T340, T100, T110, T120, T130, T150, T170, T310, T180, T190, T195, T300, and T200).
- 5. In Column V enter by ISIS revenue source code the total cash receipts on deposit with the State Treasurer but not classified as of June 30, 2002, which were classified subsequent to June 30, 2002, and prior to August 14, 2002. Refer to 5G25 Prior Year Classification of Deposits on File as of 6/30/02 to obtain listing of unclassified receipts and to your monthly transaction listing to determine subsequent classification.
- 6. Column VI is the total of Column IV and V.
- 7. In Column VII enter by ISIS revenue source code the accounts receivable which were collected and classified between 7/1/02 and 8/14/02 for the reported fiscal year which were not included in either Column IV or V.
- 8. Agencies on central cash management would record material modified accrual (see definition on preceding pages) adjustments to ISIS information in Column VIII.
- 9. Column IX "Total Revenue" is the total of Columns VI, VII, and VIII. If classifications have been accomplished in accordance with established time frames, this amount should agree with the August 14, 2002 Organization Responsibility Report (2G00) for fiscal year 2001-02 except for any adjustments in Column VIII.

UNIT TYPE: All State Agencies

PROCEDURES: Schedule 1

Schedule 1 is intended to represent total general operation activities (both means of financing and expenditure activities authorized in the general and auxiliary appropriations acts) on a legal budgetary basis.

Schedule 1 is a "lead" schedule produced through ISIS. It will be made available to those agencies with expenditures and/or revenues on ISIS. DO NOT RETYPE THIS LEAD SCHEDULE. No adjustments should be made unless the adjustments are greater than those established using the factors shown on the cover letter. Adjustments to this schedule may include additions to the accrual columns. Should you have received goods and/or services on or before June 30, 2002, and liquidated these invoices from your fiscal year 2003 appropriations, this amount will not be reflected on your "lead" schedule. Material amounts of such payments may be reflected as an adjustment in Column IV. Material additions to accounts receivable would also be reflected as an agency adjustment in Section A of Column IV. Remember, it you chose to retype your schedule, please return your pencil changes to this office with your packet.

The following is the method used in preparing the "lead" schedule:

1. In Column I indicate

A. Revenues - Total actual year-to-date receipts by Means of Financing (exception GF and IEB indicate total warrants drawn) from June 30, 2002, Appropriation Report. This should equal Column V of Schedule 3 plus any non revenue activity such as T210, T220, T340, T100, T110, T120, T130, T310, T180, T190, T195, and T300. NOTE: T200 should not be included on Schedule 1. NOTE: These increases due to unclassified cash will equal the total of the revenue accounts shown on ISIS Run 5G25.

NOTE: Agencies not on central cash management, who by law or statute carried forward funds into fiscal year 2001-02, should include these amounts in column I.

B. Expenditures - Total actual year-to-date cash disbursements by programs at June 30, 2002, Appropriation Report. NON-ISIS agencies may obtain information from agency financial records.

NOTE: For ISIS agencies, Column I expenditures are adjusted by system accounts payable, debit memos, and returns of appropriation.

2. In Column II indicate

A. Revenues - no information need be reported on these lines unless receipts classified to 2001-02 were recognized in error as revenue in the 2000-01 statement. (Note: This does <u>not</u> include Title 18 and 19 or ineligible patient fees for DHH.)

SECTION: Instructions for Preparation of Annual Fiscal Report Page 6

UNIT TYPE: All State Agencies
PROCEDURES: Schedule 1 (Continued)

B. Expenditures - indicate those payments for goods and services received or rendered on or before June 30, 2001, and liquidated with fiscal year 2001-02 appropriation. ISIS Report 4G03 lists those documents you submitted with a June 30, 2001, or earlier delivery date and liquidated as a fiscal year 2001-02 payment. No adjustments should be made for inaccuracies unless the error is greater than those established using the sliding scale materiality factors shown on the cover letter.

3. In Column III indicate

- A. Revenues Total receivables on a legal budgetary basis by Means of Financing.
 - (1) General Fund and IEB receivables should equal the actual prior year warrants drawn and/or reversed between July 1 and August 14, 2002.
 - (2) Means of Financing receivables (lines 4 through 10) should equal Column VI on Schedule 3 plus any actual or accrued transfer activity (i.e. T110, T100, T130, T120, T180) received or disbursed between 07/01/02 and 08/14/02. (Exception: for DHH agencies <u>DO NOT</u> include Title 18/19 accruals on Schedule 1.)
- B. Expenditures Total accrued liabilities by program may be derived by calculating all expenditures (account type 22) that were recorded during the thirteenth period. This would include system vouchers payable, debit memos, or returns of appropriations. A report will be provided to assist you in verifying the accuracy of these reports. Column III should represent total unliquidated bona fide obligations for goods and services received or rendered on or before 6/30/02. NOTE: ISIS Agencies: Should your June 30, 2002, Agency Trial Balance (2G01) reflect a balance for 6335, Vouchers Payable, you may obtain the breakdown by program from run 1G07B, Unscheduled Payment Turnaround Report at 6/30/02. Should you have credit memos, increase the appropriate program in Column I and decrease the respective amounts in Column III for the amount of the credit memo. Should you have payables, decrease the appropriate program in Column I and increase the respective amounts in Column III. The ISIS report will show accounts payable without a sign.

Debit memos will have a negative (-) sign beside the number.

- 4. Agencies on ISIS would record accrual adjustments to system information in Column IV. Remember, you should include all payables which were not liquidated in the 45 day close period with the prior year appropriations. Maintain a detailed list of these payables to back up the amount shown on Schedule 1.
- 5. In Column V indicate the total of Column I, minus Column II, plus Column III, and plus or minus Column IV.
- 6. In Column VI indicate the revised appropriation amount which should agree to the Appropriation Report by Agency as of August 14, 2002, or the latest approved BA-7.
- 7. Column VII "Variance" is the net result of Column VI minus Column V. NOTE: If Column VI is greater than Column V, the variance would be unfavorable for appropriated revenue and favorable for appropriated expenditures. If Column VI is less than Column V, the opposite would be the case.

UNIT TYPE All State Agencies
PROCEDURES: Schedules 6, and 6-1

Schedule 6 is necessary only if the unit has non appropriated operational activities (i.e. Chapel funds, Inmate Welfare funds, etc). Due to the possible diversity of activity type, a free format is provided. <u>Be sure that the "Fund Balances at beginning of year" equals the "Fund Balance at end of year" on the prior year's report.</u>

Schedule 6-1 is necessary for the Escrow Fund, which will be shown on the modified accrual basis. This fund will show receivables and payables that occurred during the 45-day close. The "Balance at the beginning of year" should be the amount of the carryover to the 2001-2002 year. (It also should be the ending fund balance in the prior year. If it is not the same amount, please make a notation.) A credit to revenue is an addition/receivable and a debit to a revenue is a deduction/payable. If your agency uses an expenditure organization, then expenditures are shown as a deduction/payable. The amounts for the fiscal year 2002 must equal the 2G00, Organization Responsibility Report. The amounts used during the 45-day close may equal the 2G00 plus off system accruals.

Note: As all SAP agencies have the payroll clearing subfund, K98, it will no longer be necessary, or possible, for agencies to complete a 6-1 for payroll clearing accounts.

UNIT TYPE: All State Agencies PROCEDURES: Schedule 13

Schedule 13 is a recapitulation of the total Interagency Receipts reported on Schedule 3, as of August 14, 2002.

- 1. In Column I, list the ISIS Agency Number, if applicable, of where the revenue came from (Not your agency number. If you do not know the agency number leave blank.)
- 2. In Column II, list the name of the agency, college, internal service fund, etc. that provided the revenue.
- 3. In Column III, enter the amount received from each source at June 30, 2002.
- 4. In Column IV, enter the amount of unclassified cash for each source at June 30, 2002.
- 5. In Column V, enter the amount of accounts receivable for each source received during the 45 day close.
- 6. In Column VI, enter the total revenue received from each source and this should equal the sum of columns III, IV, and V.

^{***}Schedule 13 totals must equal Schedule 3, Line C, Columns III, IV, VI, and VIII totals.***

UNIT TYPE: All State Agencies

PROCEDURES: Notes

Note B - This amount must agree with the amounts shown by the State Treasurer. List where these monies are being held – ie. cash in bank, cash on hand, receivable, or payable.

- Note C Deposits and Investments The purpose of this note is to disclose the related risk attached to deposits and investments held for the state by financial institutions.
 - 1. Deposits with Financial Institutions We now have separate notes for cash in the State Treasurer and cash <u>not</u> in the State Treasurer. <u>Cash and cash equivalents include only those amounts on deposit in financial institutions and do not include cash on hand or petty cash maintained at your agency.</u>

The total of cash, Certificates of Deposit, and Other should be your reconciled bank balances at June 30. The amounts reported in the bank balances section should be the ending balance on your June 30 bank statement.

2. Investments - For those investments meeting GASB 31 reporting requirements this must be fair value.

If you are reporting investments held outside the State Treasury, you must provide the additional disclosures as requested in Section 3 of this Note.

Note E – Indicate the inventory at June 30, 2002.

Note F - Total amount of seed(s) must equal the records of the State Treasurer.

Note G Deferred Revenues will be mainly from Department of Health and Hospitals, Department of Social Services, and Education. This represents the Federal revenue that was received during the fiscal year and not earned.

Note J - Leave balances, both annual and compensatory, can be found on Payroll Report BL164201. If you need additional information for this note, please call your analyst.

Note M – Sections 1 and 2 of this note apply only to those arrangements in which the agency is the lessee. *Revenue leases, those leases where the agency is the lessor, are to be reported on this note in Sections 3 and 4.* Do not include intra agency leases.

Note Q - In-kind contributions are often the result of match for a grant. An example would be the loan of office space by a local government to satisfy a match requirement on a federal grant.

Note R - The totals for this note can be found on Payroll Report BL1450-01. Column I must agree with Note R from FY '01. This note impacts Schedule 1 and possibly Schedules 3 and 3-1. <u>Do not use any Void and Supplemental (off cycle) payrolls dated from June 29 through August 14, 2002, if coded to fiscal year 2003. Call your analyst if you need the correct amounts. Remember to list all payroll accruals by program.</u>

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SECTION: Instructions for Preparation of Annual Fiscal Report

UNIT TYPE: All State Agencies

PROCEDURES: Notes

Note U – The only information you have to provide is the ending balance of cooperative endeavors by funding source.

Note V- You must include any activities that occurred after June 30 that impact your agency and are not already reflected in the financial reports. This will include activities that may impact any following fiscal year's operations.

Note Y - Since the agencies no longer have a Statement A, include the amount of the agencies prepaid expenses.



STATE OF LOUISIANA Annual Fiscal Reports Fiscal Year Ending June 30, ____

(Ago	ency Name)
Send to: Division of Administration Office of Statewide Reporting and Accounting Policy P. O. Box 94095 Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-9095	Send to: Legislative Auditor P. O. Box 94397 Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-9397
<u>A</u>	<u>FFIDAVIT</u>
Personally came and appeared before the unders	signed authority,
(Name)(T	itle) of(Agency)
who duly sworn, deposes and says, that the finan	ncial reports herewith given present fairly financial
information of	(agency) at June 30,
and the results of operations for the year then	ended in accordance with policies and practices
established by the Division of Administration or in	n accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting
Principles as prescribed by the Governmental Acc	counting Standards Board. Sworn and subscribed
before me, this day of	,·
Signature of Agency Official	NOTARY PUBLIC
Prepared by:	
Title:	
Telephone No.:	



STATE OF LOUISIANA Annual Fiscal Reports Fiscal Year Ending June 30, ____

(A	agency Name)
Send to: Division of Administration Office of Statewide Reporting and Accounting Policy P. O. Box 94095 Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-9095	Send to: Legislative Auditor P. O. Box 94397 Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-9397
	<u>AFFIDAVIT</u>
Personally came and appeared before the under	ersigned authority, (Name
(Title	e) of(Agency
who duly sworn, deposes and says, that the fin	ancial reports herewith given present fairly financia
information of	(agency) at June 30,
and the results of operations for the year the	n ended in accordance with policies and practices
established by the Division of Administration or	r in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting
Principles as prescribed by the Governmental A	Accounting Standards Board. Sworn and subscribed
before me, this day of	
Signature of Agency Official	NOTARY PUBLIC
Prepared by:	
Title:	
Telephone No.:	
Date:	

(Agency Name) STATE OF LOUISIANA

GENERAL OPERATING APPROPRIATION FUNDS

Schedule No.______ISIS Agency No. _____

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGETARY COMPARISON CURRENT YEAR APPROPRIATION (BUDGET - LEGAL BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, ____

PROGRAMMATIC BUDGETING	GENERAL APPROPRIATION						
	Cash Basis I	Adjustment II	Accrual III	Agency Accrual Adj. IV	Total V	Revised Budget VI	Favorable (Unfavorable) VII
A REVENUES 1 Appropriated by Legislature:							
2 State General Fund	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
3 Interim Emergency Board		_		_	-		
4 Federal Funds					_		
5 State General Fund by fees and self generated revenues							
6 State General Fund by interagency receipts					_		
7 Auxiliary funds					_		
8 Other appropriated fund sources:							
9 fund		_			_		
10fund		_			_		
11 Total appropriated revenue		_			_	_	
B EXPENDITURES (List Programs) Appropriated expenditures:							
12 Program 1							
13 Program 2		<u> </u>					
14 Program 3					_		
15 Program 4					_		
16 Program 5	-	_	_	_	_		_
17 Program 6					_		
18 Total appropriated expenditures				_			
Excess (deficiency) of appropriated revenues	\$	_ \$	_\$	— \$ <u> </u>	_ \$	_ \$	= \$ =====

over appropriated expenditures

(Agency Name) STATE OF LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF APPROPRIATED REVENUE BY TYPE GENERAL OPERATING APPROPRIATION FUNDS FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, _____

Schedule No	
ISIS Agency No	

Appropriated Revenue Fund	ISIS Appr Number I	Revenue Source Code II	Classified Cash Receipts Through June 30,	Unclassified Cash Receipts at June 30, IV	Total Cash Deposit with Treasury (III + IV) V	Accounts Receivable at June 30, VI	Agency Modified Accrual Adjustment VII	Total Revenue VIII
Federal funds								
A-1			\$. \$	_ \$	\$	\$	_ \$
A-2								_
A-3					_		_	_
A Subtotal - Federal funds				_				_
State General Fund by fees and self generated revenue	s							
B-1		<u> </u>		_				
B-2				_				
B-3				_				
B-4				_				
B Subtotal - General Fund by fees and self ge	nerated							
State General Fund by interagency receipts								
C-1		_	<u> </u>	_				
C-2	-			_				
C Subtotal - General Fund by interagency rec	eipts			_				
Auxiliary funds								
D-1			_	_				
D-2		_	_	_				
D-3			_					
D Subtotal - Auxiliary funds								
Other funds								
E-1			_	_				
E-2			_					
E-3								
E-4				_				
E Subtotal - Other funds								

			_	 _	_	
F	Total appropriated revenue	\$	_ \$	\$ \$	<u></u> \$	\$
		Schedu	1100			

(Agency Name) STATE OF LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF ADJUSTMENTS DUE TO CASH BASIS PROGRAMS JUNE 30, ____

Schedule No.		
ISIS	Agency No.	

A.	Appropriated Revenues/Fund Source and Type	ISIS Appropriation Number I	Total Revenue (Column VIII from Schedule 3) II	Cash Basis Program Accrual From 2000-2001 AFR III	Cash Basis Program Accrual For 2001-2002 IV	Adjusted Revenue For 2001-2002 V
1.	Federal Funds		\$	\$	\$	\$
2.	State funds by fees and self-generated revenue					
3.	State General Funds by interagency receipts					
4.	State funds by auxiliary					
5.	State funds by other					
6.	Total		\$	\$	\$	\$
В.	Appropriated expenditure	ISIS Operating Number	Total Expenditure Schedule I	Cash Basis Accrual From 2000-2001	Cash Basis Program Accrual for 2001-2002	Adjusted Expenditure For 2001-2002
7.	Program 1		\$	\$	\$	\$
8.	Program 2					
9.	Program 3					
10	. Program 4					
11	. Program 5					
12						
13						
14						
15						
16						
17	. Total Expenditures		\$	\$	\$	\$

(Agency Name) STATE OF LOUISIANA

SCHEDULE OF NON APPROPRIATED (MAJOR STATE REVENUE & INCOME NOT AVAILABLE) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, _____

Schedule No	
ISIS Agency No.	

	ISIS Appropriation Number and Title I	Revenue Organization Number II	Revenue Source Code III	Classified Cash Receipts through June 30, IV	Unclassified Cash Receipts at June 30, V	Total Cash on Deposit with Treasury (IV + V) VI	Accounts Receivable at June 30, VII	Agency Modified Accrual Adjustment VIII	Total Revenue IX
	Income not available:			•	•			•	
A-1				\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
A-2									
A-3			-						
A-4									-
Α	Subtotal Income not available								
B-1	Major State Revenue:								
B-2									
B-3									
B-4									
B-5									
B-6									
B-7									
B-8									
B-9									
B-10			-						
B-11									
В	Subtotal Major State Revenue Other Non-Appropriated:								
C-1									
C-2									
C-3									
С	Subtotal Other Non-Appropriated								

D	Total Non Appropriated Fund Sources	\$	\$	\$ \$	\$ \$
		Schedu	lle 4		

(Agency Name) STATE OF LOUISIANA NON APPROPRIATED OTHER FUNDS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, ____

Schedule No	
ISIS Agency No	

			TOTAL	
REVENUES				
	\$ \$	\$	\$	
	 			
	 			
Total Revenues	 			
_EXPENDITURES				
	\$ \$	\$	\$	
	 			
Total Expenditures				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 			
Fund balances at beginning of year	 			
Adjustments	 			
Fund balances at end of year	\$ \$	\$	\$	

STATE OF LOUISIANA

___(agency)

ESCROW FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20__

Unit Name:	
Balance at beginning of year	\$
Revenues (additions July 1, 2001 through June 30, 2002):	
Expenditures (deductions July 1, 2001 through June 30, 2002):	
Balance as of June 30, 2002	
Accruals (July 1, 2002 through August 14, 2002): *Receivables:	
*Payables:	
	-
Fund balance at end of year	\$

*Indicate if these were classified as FY 2002 or FY 2003.

STATE OF LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF PER DIEM PAID BOARD (COMMISSION) MEMBERS, BY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, _____

<u>NAME</u>	NUMBER	AMOUNT
\$		

_			_
T	OTAL		\$
•	~ ·· ·=		Ť

NOTE: Provide a separate copy of this schedule for each board (commission) by fund (appropriation).

SCHEDULE 10

Schedule No.	
ISIS No	

STATE OF LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF CONSULTANT FEES FOR FEASIBILITY STUDIES AND OTHER SPECIAL REPORTS, BY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, _____

	. \$	
TOTAL	\$	

NOTE: Where more than one fund(appropriation) applies, separate by fund(appropriation).

Schedule No	
ISIS Agency No	_

SCHEDULE OF INTERAGENCY RECEIPTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, _____

I	II	III	IV	V Accounts	VI
Agency <u>Number</u>	<u>Source</u>	Classified June 30, 20	<u>Unclassified</u> June 30, 20	Receivable on a Modified Basis	<u>Totals</u>
		\$	\$	\$	\$
	Total	\$	\$	\$	\$

Schedule 13 is a recapitulation of the total Interagency Receipts reported as of August 14, 2002.

- 1. In column I, list the ISIS agency number, if applicable, of the source of revenue.
- 2. In column II, list the sources of the revenue (i.e. state agency, college, internal service fund, etc.)
- 3. In column III, enter the amount received from each source for June 30, 2002.
- 4. In column IV, enter the amount of unclassified cash for each source at June 30, 2002.
- 5. In column V, enter the amount of accounts receivable for each source received during the 45 day close.
- 6. In column VI, enter the total revenue received from each source.

TOTALS MUST EQUAL SCHEDULE 3, LINE C, COLUMNS III, IV, VI, AND VIII.

STATE OF LOUISIANA (Agency) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL REPORTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20

INIT	FD	ノロ	1 1/	ヽエ	\sim	١
II V	TR(טע	U	ノ ロ	U	N

The	_ is an agency of the State of Louisia	ana reporting entity and was
created in accordance with Title	; Chapter of th	ne Louisiana Revised Statutes
of 1950 as a part of the	branch of g	overnment. The
is charged		
		within the State of Louisiana.
A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICAL	NT ACCOUNTING POLICIES	
	prepared its financial re	
procedures established by	the Division of Administration. While are not legally or practicall	
, ,	perated on a fund basis whereby a se	
	account for authorized or appropriated a	
	reports of	
	unds of the State of Louisiana they only	, i
	as authorized	
	, and as such, they are not prepared	
	iples. In addition, general fixed assets	
agency are not recognize	ed in the accompanying financial repo	orts but are recognized in the

In June, 2001, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) updated its <u>Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards</u>. This codification and subsequent GASB pronouncements are recognized as generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments. The accompanying financial reports have been prepared in accordance with such principles.

account groups of the general purpose financial reports of the State of Louisiana.

Annually the State of Louisiana issues a comprehensive annual financial report which includes the activity contained in the accompanying financial reports. The comprehensive annual financial report is audited by the Louisiana Legislative Auditor.

1. FUND ACCOUNTING

General Operating Appropriations

The General Operations Fund is used to account for all general and auxiliary fund appropriated operating expenditures and minor capital acquisitions. All appropriated general and auxiliary operations revenue is accounted for in this fund.

Non-Appropriated Funds (describe each Non-Appropriated Fund)

<u>Major State Revenues and Income Not Available</u> - The agency collects major state revenues that are remitted to the State Treasury for deposit to statutorily dedicated funds. In addition, the agency collects funds specifically identified by the Division of Administration - Budget Office as Income Not Available that are remitted to the State Treasury. These amounts are not available to the agency for expenditure and are detailed on Schedule 4.

<u>Payroll Clearing Fund</u> - The Payroll Clearing Fund is used to account for payroll deductions and accrued benefits.

The non-appropriated funds relating to Major State Revenues, Income Not Available and Payroll Clearing are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve

STATE OF LOUISIANA
(Agency
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL REPORTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20

measurement of results of operations.

2.

For purpose of this report presentation, collections in excess of Appropriated Means of Financing are shown on Schedule 3.
BASIS OF ACCOUNTING
Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized and reported in the financial reports. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.
The accounts of the are maintained in accordance with applicable statutory provisions and the regulations of the Division of Administration - Office of Statewide Reporting and Accounting Policy as follows:
Revenues - State General Fund and Interim Emergency Board appropriations are recognized as the net amount warranted during the fiscal year including the 45 day close period.
Fees and self-generated revenues, interagency transfers, federal funds, intrafund revenues, non-appropriated revenues, and other financing sources (with the exception of agency funds) are recognized in the amounts earned, to the extent that they are both measurable and available. (Describe other basis of revenue recognition which differs from this.)
<u>Expenditures</u> - Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred, except that obligations of employees' vested annual and sick leave are recorded as expenditures when paid. (List any other exceptions.)
PREST FUNDS

B. IM

The agency mai	intains a permanent Travel and Pe	etty Cash Imprest Fund i	n the amount of
\$	as authorized by the Commission	er of Administration and a	advanced by the
State Treasurer'	s Office in accordance with Title 39	9. The funds are permane	ently established
and periodically	replenished from agency operatir	ng funds when expenditu	re vouchers are
presented. At	June 30, 20, the petty cash	consists of: Cash in E	Bank Accounts
\$; Petty Cash on hand \$_	; and Othe	er Receivables
\$	-		

C. **DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND INVESTMENTS**

1. **DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS**

For reporting purposes, deposits with financial institutions include savings, demand deposits, time deposits, and certificates of deposit. Under state law the agency may deposit funds with a fiscal agent bank selected and designated by the Interim Emergency Board. Further, the agency may invest in time

STATE OF LOUISIANA	
	(Agency)
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL REPO	RTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30.	20

certificates of deposit in state banks organized under the laws of Louisiana, national banks having their principal office in the State of Louisiana, in savings accounts or shares of savings and loan associations and savings banks and in share accounts and share certificate accounts of federally or state chartered credit unions.

<u>CASH</u>	IN S	<u> </u>	<u>TREA</u>	<u>SURY</u>

The	agency had deposits in the State Treasury totaling
\$	at June 30, 20 These amounts consist of the
following:	
\$	Cash in Agency Means of Financing
\$	Cash in Agency Operating
\$	Cash in Agency Escrow Accounts
\$	Other (identify)
As the State Treasure	r provides the collateralization, do not include deposits in
	n the tables shown below.
CASH NOT IN STATE T	<u>REASURY</u>
The	agency had deposits in bank accounts totaling
	June 30, Deposits in bank accounts are stated at cost, which
approximates market. U	nder state law these deposits must be secured by federal deposit
insurance or the pledge	of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of
the pledged securities	olus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the
amount on denocit with	the fiscal agent. These pledged securities are held in a custodial
amount on deposit with	ino nocal agoni. Those picagea eccanico are nota in a cacicalar
bank in the name of the	agency under the account of the pledging fiscal
bank in the name of the agent bank in a holding	

STATE OF LOUISIANA (Agency) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL REPORTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20___

Balance per agency books	<u>Ca</u> \$	Certifica sh of Depo		
Bank balances: 1. Insured or collateralized by the entity or its age name 2. Collateralized with secon pledging institution's tagent in the entity's name 3. Uncollateralized, including	urities held by the rust department or e			
for the entity but not in e				
Total bank balances	\$	\$	\$	\$
1 2 3	ng institution	<u>Program</u>	\$	<u>ount</u>
significant	ollateralized securities fittir ly greater than at June 30, _ son for this occurrence.			
2. <u>INVESTMI</u>	<u>ENTS</u>			
The authorized the agenc	does d by y).	s (does not) maint (note legal prov	ain investment a isions authorizing	accounts as investment by
categories	ts can be classified accordin s, list each type of investmen category of risk.			

_(Agency)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL REPORTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20__

<u>Category 1</u> - Insured or registered in the entity's name, or securities held by the entity or its agent <u>in the entity's name</u>

<u>Category 2</u> - Uninsured and unregistered with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent <u>in the entity's name</u>

<u>Category 3</u> - Unsecured and unregistered with securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent <u>but not in the entity's name</u>

NOTE: If, d	luring the year, the amount of Category 3 securities were greater than at
	(end of fiscal year) attach a statement to that effect and briefly state the cause(s).

Certain types of investments cannot appropriately be categorized. These are to be listed separately at the end of this schedule.

		Category of F			
Type of Investments	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	Reported Amount	<u>Fair</u> <u>Value</u>
Repurchase agreements U.S. Government securities Common & preferred stock Commercial paper Corporate bonds Other: (identify)	\$	\$\$	\$\$	\$\$	\$\$
Total categorized investments	\$	\$	<u> </u>	\$	\$
Investments not categorized: (li	st separately)				
				<u>-</u>	
Total Investments				\$	\$

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL REPORTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20__

3.	OTH	ER DISCLOSURES REQUIRED FOR INVESTMENTS				
a. Investments in pools managed by other governments or mutual funds						
	b.	Securities underlying reverse repurchase agreements				
	C.	Unrealized investment losses				
	d.	Commitments as of June 30,, to <u>resell</u> securities under yield maintenance repurchase agreements: 1. Carrying amount and market value at June 30 of securities to be resold				
		Description of the terms of the agreements				
	e.	Investment types owned during the year but not owned as of June 30				
	f.	Losses during the year due to default by counterparties to deposit or investment transactions				
	g.	Amounts recovered from prior-period losses				
<u>Lega</u>	al or C h.	contractual Provisions for Reverse Repurchase Agreements Source of legal or contractual authorization for use of reverse repurchase agreements				
	i.	Significant violations of legal or contractual provisions for reverse repurchase agreements that occurred during the year				
Reve	erse R	Repurchase Agreements as of June 30				
Nov	j.	Credit risk related to the reverse repurchase agreements outstanding at balance sheet date, that is, the aggregate amount of reverse repurchase agreement obligations including accrued interest compared to aggregate market value of the securities underlying those agreements including interest				
	k.	Commitments on June 30,, to repurchase securities under yield maintenance agreements				
	I.	Market value on June 30,, of the securities to be repurchased				
	m.	Description of the terms of the agreements to repurchase				
	n.	Losses recognized during the year due to default by counterparties to reverse repurchase agreements				

STATE OF LOUISIANA ____(Agency) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL REPORTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20___

	0.	Amounts recovered from prior-period losses
	<u>Fair Value</u> p.	<u>Disclosures</u> Methods and significant assumptions used to estimate fair value of investments, if fair value is not based on quoted market prices
	q.	Basis for determining which investments, if any, are reported at amortized cost
	r.	For investments in external investment pools that are not SEC-registered, a brief description of any regulatory oversight for the pool
	S.	Whether the fair value of your investment in the external investment pool is the same as the value of the pool shares
	t.	Any involuntary participation in an external investment pool
	u.	Whether you are unable to obtain information from a pool sponsor to determine the fair value of your investment in the pool, methods used and significant assumptions made in determining that fair value and the reasons for having had to make such an estimate
	V.	Any income from investments associated with one fund that is assigned to another fund
D.	<u>GENERAL</u>	FIXED ASSETS -CAPITAL LEASES ONLY
	those bui	vidually, those items of movable property with a value of \$5,000 or above and Idings with a value of \$100,000 or above that are under capital leases (See on page 12). We no longer need a complete list of General Fixed Assets:
	Description	Original Present Value of the Lease Substituting the Lease Substitution Substituting the Lease Substitution Substituting the Lease Substituting the Lease Substituting the Lease Substituting the Lease Substituting Substituting Substituting Substituting Substituting Substituting Substitution Substi
_		

STATE OF LOUISIANA (Agency) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL REPORTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20 E. INVENTORY OF MATERIALS AND SUPPLIES In general, inventories are recorded as an expenditure when purchased. The cost value of inventory, determined under (perpetual or periodic) inventory system using the (FIFO, LIFO, etc.) valuation method, at June 30, 2002, is \$_____. F. **SEEDS** The agency is in receipt of a seed in the amount of \$_____ as authorized by the joint approval of the State Treasurer and the Commissioner of Administration and drawn against the State Treasurer. The seed represents a liability to the unit and must be repaid if not reauthorized annually. The breakdown of advances by unit are as follows: Fund Date Authorized Amount 1. ______ \$ _____ Date Authorized Total G. DEFERRED REVENUE Deferred Revenue represents revenue (generally federal) that was received during fiscal year 2002 and not yet earned. Certain federal grants may fit this description. The deferred revenue amount(s) is/are \$_____ (federal), \$_____(self-generated), and/or \$_____(IAT). Н. OPERATING AND CAPITAL GRANTS FOR GASB 34 PRESENTATION For OSRAP to complete the GASB 34 presentation, provide the following: the total operating grants and contributions were \$_____, and the total capital grants and contributions were \$ 1) Operating Grants – represent total amount of grant revenues for the year that are restricted by the grantor for operating purposes or that may be used for either capital

or operating purposes at the discretion of the grantee.

2)Capital Grants – represent the total amount of the revenues for the year from grants restricted by the grantor for the acquisition, construction, of renovation to capital assets.

The sum of both should equal your total federal revenues plus federal accruals.

I. JUDGEMENTS, CLAIMS AND SIMILAR CONTINGENCIES

Obligations and losses rising from judgments, claims, and similar contingencies are paid through

_(Agency)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL REPORTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30. 20

the state's self-insurance fund and are not reflected in the accompanying special purpose financial reports. The self-insurance fund is operated by the Office of Risk Management, the state agency responsible for the state's risk management program.

NOTE: Should you have claims which have not been submitted to Risk Management, include a schedule of these claims.

Those agencies collecting federal funds, who have been informed that certain of their previously claimed costs were disallowed, should disclose the requested information in the schedule shown below. Show each possible disallowance separately.

	<u>Program</u>	Date of <u>Disallowance</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Probability of Payment*	Estimated Settlement <u>Amount</u>
1			\$		\$
2					
3					
4					
5					
6					
	* Remote, re	easonably possible,	probable, or unknow	/n	

Claims and litigation cost of \$_____ were incurred in the current year.

J. <u>LEAVE</u>

1. ANNUAL AND SICK LEAVE

Employees earn and accumulate annual and sick leave at various rates depending on their years of service. The amount of annual and sick leave that may be accumulated by each employee is unlimited. Upon termination, employees or their heirs are compensated for up to 300 hours of unused annual leave at the employee's hourly rate of pay at the time of termination. Upon retirement, unused annual leave in excess of 300 hours plus unused sick leave is used to compute retirement benefits. Act 343 of 1993 allows members of the Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System, upon application for retirement, the option of receiving an actuarially determined lump sum payment for annual and sick leave which would otherwise have been used to compute years of service for retirement. The liability for unused annual leave payable at June 30, ____, computed in accordance with the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards Section C60.105, is estimated to be \$

NOTE: Should you have employees who upon retirement - or their heirs upon the employee's death - are compensated for up to 25 days of unused <u>sick</u> leave, you should include the dollar value of this leave in the annual leave shown above. Civil Service General Circular Number 001155 states that classified employees belonging to the Teacher's Retirement System of Louisiana and to the Louisiana School Employee's Retirement System are not eligible for payment of unused sick leave upon retirement or

death. L.R.S. 17:425 on the other hand provides for payment for up to 25 days of unused sick leave for members of these two systems. In Opinion Number 94-373, the Attorney General opined that the Civil Service Commission had jurisdiction over classified employees and therefore those members are not eligible for payment of unused sick leave. Because the Commission has no authority over unclassified employees, those members are eligible to receive such compensation.

2. Compensatory Leave (Use for Non-Exempt Employees)

Employees who are considered having non-exempt status according to the guidelines contained in the Fair Labor Standards Act may be paid for compensatory leave earned (K-time). Upon termination or transfer an employee will be paid for any time and one-half compensatory leave earned and may or may not be paid for any straight hour-for-hour compensatory leave earned. Compensation paid will be based on the employee's hourly rate of pay at termination or transfer. The liability for accrued payable compensatory leave at June 30, ____ computed in accordance with the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Section C60.105 is estimated to be \$______.

K. POST RETIREMENT HEALTH CARE AND LIFE INSURANCE BENEFITS PER GASB 12

LRS 42:821 through 42:880 establishes the self-insured and self-funded state employees	
health care and life insurance program and authorizes thea	gency
to provide certain continuing health care and life insurance benefits for its retired emplo	yees.
Substantially all of the agency's employees become eligible for those benefits if they	reach
normal retirement age while working for the agency. Monthly premiums are paid jointly be	by the
employees and the employer (from the agency appropriation) for both retirees' and a	active
employees' benefits regardless of whether benefits are provided by Group Benefits or one	of the
HMOs authorized by Group Benefits. The agency recognizes the cost of providing benefits	as an
expenditure when paid during the year. For the year ended June 30,, the costs of ref	tirees'
benefits totaled \$, while the number of retirees is (As defined be	y the
GASB Statement 12, dependents of a retiree should be counted as a single unit if the ret	
deceased and should not be counted if the retiree is alive.) The cost of retirees' benefits	is net
of participant's contribution.	

L. ENCUMBRANCES

The following are multi-year contracts whose payments are to be liquidated with statutorily dedicated funds **only**: (Show each year separately). General Fund is not shown. An example would be certain payments made by the Department of Natural Resources. Obligations are made against the Wetlands Conservation and Restoration Fund for contracts which are let for two to five years in the future. **Be sure that you do not double count cooperative endeavors that are reported in note X.**

Examples:

_(Agency)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL REPORTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20__

Wetlands Fund Lottery Proceeds Fund

M. <u>LEASE AND RENTAL COMMITMENTS</u>

Lease agreements, if any, have non-appropriation exculpatory clauses that allow lease
cancellation if the Legislature does not make an appropriation for its continuation during any
future fiscal period. Total operating lease expenditures for fiscal year amounted to
\$

1. OPERATING LEASES

Operating leases are all leases which do not meet the criteria of a capital lease. Operating leases are grouped by nature (i.e. office space, equipment, etc.) and the annual rental payments for the next five fiscal years are presented in the following schedule.

Nature of lease	FY2003	FY2004	FY2005	FY2006	FY2007	<u>FY 2008-</u> <u>2012</u>
a. Office space	\$	<u> </u>	\$	\$	\$	\$
b. Equipment						
c. Land						
d. Other				_		
Total	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$

STATE OF LOUISIANA	
	Agency
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL REPORT	S

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20

Rental expense for operating leases with scheduled rent increases is based on the relevant lease agreement except in those cases where a temporary rent reduction is used as an inducement to enter the lease. In those instances, rental expense is determined on either a straight-line or interest basis over the term of the lease, as required by GASB 13, and not in accordance with lease terms. The agency does (does not) have leases with scheduled rent increases due to temporary rent reductions used as an inducement to enter the lease.

2. CAPITAL LEASES AND LEASE PURCHASES

Capital leases are defined as an arrangement in which <u>any one</u> of the following conditions apply (I) ownership transfers by the end of the lease, (2) the lease contains a bargain purchase option, (3) the lease term is 75% of the asset life or (4) the discounted minimum lease payments are 90% of the fair market value of the asset.

Schedule A should be used to report all capital leases (<u>including</u> new leases, <u>excluding</u> LEAF leases) in effect as of 6/30/02. In schedule B, report only those <u>new</u> leases entered into during fiscal year 2001-2002. <u>Note: LEAF leases should be shown in Schedule C only. Do not include in Schedule A or B.</u>

SCHEDULE A - TOTAL AGENCY CAPITAL LEASES EXCEPT LEAF

Nature of lease a. Office space	Date of lease	Last payment <u>date</u>	\$	Remaining interest to end of lease	\$ Remaining principal to end of lease	Fund that pays lease
b. Equipment						
c. Land			_			
Total			\$		\$	

The following is a schedule by years of future minimum lease payments under capital leases together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2002:

		<u>Total</u>
2003	\$_	
2004		
2005		
2006		
2007		
2008-2012		
2013-2017		
2018-2022		
Total minimum lease payments		
Less amounts representing executory costs	()
Net minimum lease payments		
Less amounts representing interest	()
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$_	

STATE OF	LOUISIANA	
		 _

c. Land Total

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL REPORTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20

SCHEDULE B - NEW AGENCY CAPITAL LEASES EXCEPT LEAF Last Remaining Remaining Fund that Date of payment interest to principal to Nature of lease lease date end of lease end of lease pays lease a. Office space b. Equipment c. Land Total Following is a schedule by years of future minimum lease payments under capital leases together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 20___: Total 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008-2012 2013-2017 2018-2022 Total minimum lease payments Less amounts representing executory costs Net minimum lease payments Less amounts representing interest Present value of net minimum lease payments SCHEDULE C - LEAF CAPITAL LEASES Last Remaining Remaining Date of payment interest to principal to Fund that end of lease Nature of lease end of lease pays lease <u>lease</u> <u>date</u> a. Office space b. Equipment

(Agency)

Following is a schedule by years of future minimum lease payments under capital leases together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 20___.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL REPORTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20

		<u>Total</u>
2003	\$	
2004		
2005		
2006		
2007		
2008-2012		
2013-2017		
2018-2022		
Total minimum lease payments		
Less amounts representing executory costs	()
Net minimum lease payments		
Less amounts representing interest	()
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$	

(Agency)

3. REVENUE LEASES

LESSOR DIRECT FINANCING LEASES

A lease is classified as a direct financing lease when (1) any one of the four capitalization criteria used to define a capital lease for the lessee is met and (2) both the following criteria are satisfied:

- ? Collectibility of the minimum lease payments is reasonably predictable.
- ? No important uncertainties surround the amount of the unreimbursable costs yet to be incurred by the lessor under the lease.

Provide a general description of the direct financing agreement, and complete the chart below.

Composition of lease	Date of lease	Minimum lease payment <u>receivable</u>	Remaining interest to end of lease	Remaining principal to end of lease
a. Office space b. Equipment c. Land		\$	\$	\$
Less amounts representing exect Minimum lease payment receivables allowance for doubtful accounted minimum lease payments rectured uncome the sunearned income Net investment in direct financing	e ints eivable	() () () \$	- - - -	

STATE OF	F LOUISIANA	
	(Agency) O THE FINANCIAL REPORTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20	
	for equipment, and \$	for land.
	The agency received lease revenues for for fiscal year 20 20 totaled \$ years of minimum lease receivable for 2002:	. Total revenues The following is a schedule by the five succeeding fiscal years as of June 30, Minimum Lease Receivables
	2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008-2012 2013-2017 2018-2022	\$
	Total	\$
4.	capital lease (common to both lessee and lessor (collectibility and no uncertain recoperating lease. In an operating lease, records rent revenues as they become reprovide the cost and carrying amount, if	different, of property on lease or held for leasing the amount of accumulated depreciation (optional
	a. Office spaceb. Equipmentc. LandLess: accumulated depreciatio	\$ n ()

The following is a schedule by years of minimum future rentals on noncancellable operating lease(s) as of _____ (last day of fiscal year):

Total carrying amount of property

_(Agency)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL REPORTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20

<u>Nat</u>	ure of lease	FY2003	<u>FY2004</u>	<u>FY2005</u>	<u>FY2006</u>	<u>FY2007</u>	2008- 2012
a. Of	fice space	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
b. Ed	quipment						
c. La	ind						
d. Of	ther						
	minimum ıre rentals	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Contingent rentals received from operating leases for fiscal year 2002 were \$ for office space, \$ for equipment, and \$ for land.							
N.	RELATED PA	ARTY TRANSA	ACTIONS				
	List all related party transactions as defined by FASB 57 including the description of all relationships, the transactions, the dollar amount of the transactions and any amounts to or from which result from related party transactions.						

O. ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS FOR FRINGE BENEFITS AND SALARIES

On-behalf payments for fringe benefits and salaries are direct payments made by one entity to a third-party recipient for the employees of another, legally separate entity. One of the two entities party to on-behalf payments for fringe benefits and salaries may be a non-governmental entity. On-behalf payments include pension plan contributions, employee health and life insurance premiums, and salary supplements or stipends.

1. Reporting:

a. <u>Employer Entity</u>:

The amount of revenues recognized (received) during the year plus any receivables at year end by third-party recipients for fiscal year _____ is \$_____.

The amount of expenditures/expenses when the employer entity <u>is not</u> legally obligated to make payments is recognized as the amount of revenues recognized.

STA	TE O	F LOU	IISIANA (Agancy)
			(Agency) E FINANCIAL REPORTS R ENDED JUNE 30, 20
			The amount of expenditures/expenses recognized for fiscal year is \$
			The amount of expenditures/expenses when the employer entity <u>is</u> legally obligated to make payments is recognized based on the accounting standards applicable to that type of transaction. For example, if contributions are made to a pension plan, the expenditure/expense should be recognized following pension accounting standards. The amount of expenditures/expenses recognized for fiscal year is \$
		b.	Paying Entity:
			A paying entity would not recognize any revenues for on-behalf payments for fringe benefits.
			The amount of expenditures/expenses recognized and classified by the paying entity is the same amount it would use to classify similar cash grants to other entities. The amount of expenditures/expenses recognized for fiscal year is \$
	2.	The	losure: following on-behalf payments that are contributions to a pension plan for which the ncy is not legally responsible are:
		<u>Con</u>	tributor Pension Plan
D	DAG	ee Tui	
P.			ROUGH GRANTS
	gov requ	ernme uireme	ugh grants are grants and other forms of financial assistance received by ntal entities to be transferred to or spent, according to legal or contractual ents, on behalf of secondary recipients, which may or may not be governmental entities es. Pass-through grants are grants which meet any of the following criteria:
		re The The	government entity monitors secondary recipients for compliance with program equirements. governmental entity determines secondary recipients eligibility even if the grantor's eligibility criteria are used. governmental entity is able to determine how grant funds are to be allocated. governmental entity has direct financial involvement in administration of the grant, such as financing part of the program costs for matching purposes or being liable for disallowed costs. This does not apply to incidental administrative costs.

Grant Name Federal Identification Number Amount
\$

NOT		SIANA(Agency) FINANCIAL REPORTS ENDED JUNE 30, 20		
Q.	IN-KIND (CONTRIBUTIONS		
	(List all in-l	kind contributions that are not include	ed in the accompanying	financial reports.)
		In-Kind Contributions	Cost/Estimated C Fair Market Value Determined by Gr \$	e as antor
			<u> </u>	
		Total	\$	
	an outside required to items dona state prisor market vali contribution	kind contributions represent things of source which would otherwise create purchase the goods or services from ted to a state hospital from a pharma from the U.S. Department of Agricultue, and also recorded in general fixed funds contributed by local governatching shares.	an expenditure to the ag current resources. Exam aceutical company, 2) fo ture, or 3) donated fixed aced assets. Do not inc	ency if the agency was mples are 1) pharmacy ood items donated to a assets, recorded at fail lude within the in-kind
R.	PAYROLL A	AND RELATED BENEFITS ACCRUAL	=	
	year on the most agend calculation (5) days. A	vill be required to reflect the 2001-200 accompanying financial reports. The cy units pay their employees biweekly based on five (5) days and the fiscal gencies must also determine the fede it the payroll accrual by program.	e following schedule will a this would require a fisca I year 2001-02 calculation	aid you in doing so. As al year 2000-01 accrua on will be based on five
	4 ^-	7/13/01 Payroll (gross & related)	<u>FY 2000-01</u>	FY 2001-02

07/12/02 Payroll (gross & related)

2.

_(Agency)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL REPORTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20__

		<u>X 50.0</u> %		<u>X 50.0</u> %
2a.	Payroll accrual			
2b.	Add voids and supplementals (off cycle) paid in the 45 day close with prior year appropriations.		_	
3.	Total payroll accruals	\$	\$_	
4.	Estimated federal receivable attributed to the accrual shown above	\$	\$ <u></u>	
5.	Total Agency Ex Total programs from Schedule 1(or 3-1 (Schedule 1, col. V, line 18 or Schedule 3-1	if applicable)		
6.	Less: 2000-01 accrual from line 3, colu	mn 1 above		
7.	Plus: 2001-02 accrual from line 3, colu	mn 2 above		
8.	This should be the total for <u>all</u> programs		\$_	
	Total Federal	Revenue		
9.	Federal Funds from Schedule 3, column Schedule 3-1, column V, line 1	VIII, line A or		
10.	Less: 2000-01 accrual from line 4, colu	mn 1 above		
11.	Plus: 2001-02 accrual from line 4, colur	nn 2 above		
12.	Total Federal Funds for <u>all</u> programs.		\$ _	
Accru	ıal by Programs:	<u>Payroll</u>		<u>Federal</u> <u>Receivable</u>
Progr	ram 1	\$		\$
-rogr Progr	ram 2 ram 3			
Progr	am 4			
rogi	am 5			
Γotal		\$		\$

S. PER DIEM PAID BOARD (COMMISSION) MEMBERS

Per diem payments are presented on Schedule 10. The per diem payments are authorized by Louisiana Revised Statute _____, and are presented in compliance with Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 54 of the 1979 Session of the Legislature.

STATE OF LOUISIANA
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL REPORTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20

T. CONSULTANT FEES FOR FEASIBILITY STUDIES AND OTHER SPECIAL REPORTS

Schedule 11 presents professional services payments made for consultant fees for feasibility studies and other special reports. This schedule is prepared in compliance with Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 35 of the Regular Session of 1974.

U. COOPERATIVE ENDEAVORS

LRS 33:9022 defines cooperative endeavors as any form of economic development assistance between and among the state of Louisiana, its local governmental subdivisions, political corporations, public benefit corporations, the United States government or its agencies, or any public or private association, corporation, or individual. The term cooperative endeavor includes cooperative financing, cooperative development, or any form of cooperative economic development activity. The state of Louisiana has entered into cooperative endeavor agreements with certain entities aimed at developing the economy of the state. The liability outstanding as of June 30, 2002, by funding source, is as follows:

	Balance
Funding Source	<u>June 30, 2002</u>
State General Fund	\$
Self-generated revenue	
Statutorily dedicated revenue	
General obligation bonds	
Federal funds	
Interagency transfers	
Other funds/combination	

Be sure that you do not include encumbrances reported in note L.

NOTE: Amounts in excess of contract limits cannot be used to reduce the outstanding contract balance at June 30, 2002. For example, if a contract specifies a percentage of usage for each month (25%) and usage exceeds that percentage (75%), you cannot claim actual usage that exceeds contract requirements (50%).

NOTE: In order to compute your ending balances by funding source, you should begin with your balances at June 30, 2001. These amounts will be increased by amounts for new contracts and amendments and decreased for payments as well as for liquidations.

V. GOVERNMENT-MANDATED NONEXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS (GRANTS)

The following government-mandated nonexchange transactions (grants) were received during fiscal year 2001-02:

CFDA <u>Number</u>	Program name	State Match <u>Percentage</u>	o/ c	Total Amount <u>of</u> <u>Grant</u>
			% \$ _	
			_	

STATE OF LOUISIANA	
(Agency) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL REPORTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20	
·	<u> </u>
	<u> </u>
Total government-mandated nonexchange transactions (grants)	
W. <u>SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (Describe)</u>	
X. GASB 34 ACCRUALS	
Louisiana is on the modified accrual basis. This means that revenue becomes measurable and available and is consequently reflected of and 4, for example. Under GASB 34, we must also reflect those become measurable regardless of availability. Show in the tab revenues you have earned which are not reflected on any of schedules. Show by funding source and object category.	on Statements 1, 3, 3-1, revenues which have le below those gross
Funding Source (list by name): Organization # Object Federal:	Amount \$
Self-Generated:	
Major State Revenue:	
Total GASB 34 accruals (gross)	
Less: Allowance for Uncollectibles (for all funding sources)	
GASB 34 receivable adjustment net of uncollectibles	\$
Amount included above not expected to be collected in one year	\$
Y. PREPAID EXPENSES	
Certain items are commonly paid for in advance. Examples are instrent. If your prepayments, along with your other adjustments, exceed as discussed on page 2 of the cover letter, you should disclose the	ed the materiality levels

Z. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

The total amount of open accounts payable should agree with Schedule 1, line 18 of column III plus column IV, less any system payroll voids and supplementals (off-cycle) paid in the 13th

amount of prepaid expenses for this agency at June 30, 2002 is \$______.

STATE OF LOUISIANA (Agency) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL REPORTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20
period. Accounts payable for this agency at June 30, 2002 is \$
AA. <u>INFRASTRUCTURE</u>
Infrastructure is defined as long-lived capital assets associated with governmental activities
that normally are stationary in nature and can be preserved for a significantly greater number
of years than most capital assets. Examples include roads, bridges, tunnels, street signage, street lamps, traffic signals, drainage systems, water and sewer systems, dams, and lighting systems.
Each agency with infrastructure assets is required to track infrastructure expenditures to determine if the year's expenditures would be above the \$3 million threshold per infrastructure asset. List individually those infrastructure items with a value of \$3,000,000 per infrastructure asset, per year:
Description of Infrastructure Cost\$
BB. LAND AND LAND IMPROVEMENTS (not reported to State Land Office or Facility Planning and Control)
Some agencies may acquire land or make land improvements that are not reported to the State Land Office or Facility Planning and Control. Land improvements are those betterments, improvements, and site preparations that ready land for its intended use. Some examples of land improvements would be excavation, filling, grading, demolition of existing buildings, and removal or relocation of other property (telephone or power lines). Other land
improvements are built or installed to enhance or facilitate the use of the land for a particular
purpose and may include walking paths and trails, fences and gates, landscaping, sprinkler systems, fountains, and beaches. Land and land improvements should be reported at cost, estimated cost, or estimated fair value at date of acquisition and should include all expenses
necessary to obtain title such as legal fees. List individually all land acquisitions and any improvements to land that the agency has made during the fiscal year that is not reported to the State Land Office or Facility Planning and Control:
Description of Land or Improvement \$

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL REPORTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 20__

Information for Note C "Deposits with Financial Institutions and Investments"

Purpose:

Note C provides the required disclosures about the governmental entities' deposits with financial institutions and investments. The disclosures required for deposits and investments as of June 30, 2002 provides information about the credit risk and market risk of the deposits and investments and are designed to provide users of the financial statements information about the potential for losses associated with the deposits and investments.

I. "Deposits with Financial Institutions" section of Note C:

Generally, this section of the GASB 3 disclosure refers to the various examples of "Deposits With Financial Institutions" (See A. for examples). They include deposit accounts in banks, savings and loan associations, and credit unions. They can be demand, savings, or time accounts, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts and non-negotiable CD's.

A. Examples and/or definitions:

- 1. <u>Nonnegotiable Certificates of Deposit</u> Nonnegotiable CDs are time deposits that are placed by depositors directly with financial institutions and generally are subject to a penalty if redeemed before maturity. These are treated as **deposits** for GASB 3 Note disclosures. (<u>Negotiable CDs</u> are securities that are normally sold in \$1 million units that are traded in a secondary market. These are treated as **investments** for GASB 3 Note disclosures.)
- 2. <u>Money Market Accounts</u> financial institution "money market" accounts are simply deposits that pay interest at a rate set to make the accounts competitive with money market mutual funds. They should be treated like any other deposit account for GASB 3 Note disclosures.
- 3. <u>Bank Investment Contracts (BICs)</u> A BIC is a general obligation instrument issued by a bank, typically to a pension plan, that provides for a guaranteed return on principal over a specified period. Since these are issued by a bank, they are treated as **deposits** for GASB 3 Note disclosures.

B. Other definitions as applied to deposits:

- 1. <u>Insured (Insurance)</u> deposits are insured by federal deposit insurance (FDIC), state deposit insurance, multiple financial institution collateral pools that insure public deposits, and even commercial insurance (if scope of coverage would be substantially the same as FDIC).
- 2. <u>Collateral</u> Security pledged by a financial institution to a government entity for its deposits.

II. "Investments" section of Note C:

Investments for GASB 3 requirements are either "categorized as to level of credit risk" or "not categorized", and are generally classified by whether they fit the definition of securities or not (see the definition of securities in section IV.C.).

- A. Types of investments that can be categorized as to level of risk & definitions/ examples: (In general, investments that fit the definition of securities are categorized in categories of risk.)
 - 1. <u>Repurchase Agreements</u> An agreement in which a governmental entity (buyer-lender) transfers cash to a broker-dealer or financial institution (seller-borrower); the broker-dealer or financial institution transfers securities to the entity and promises to repay the cash plus interest in exchange for a) the same securities, or for b) different securities.
 - 2. <u>U.S. Government Obligations</u> examples include treasury bills, treasury notes and treasury strips; obligations of certain U.S. Government Agencies such as FNMA, FHLB, or SLMA.
 - 3. <u>Common & Preferred Stock</u> a security that represents an ownership interest in an entity.
 - Commercial Paper An unsecured promissory note issued primarily by corporations for a specific amount and maturing on a specific day. Almost all commercial paper is rated as to credit risk by rating services.
 - 5. Corporate Bonds
 - 6. Other It is not appropriate to present material amounts of investments as "Other", unless the narrative of the note disclosure describes the composition of the "Other" category.

- a. <u>Closed-end Mutual Fund</u> The investment company sells shares of its stock to investors and it invests on the shareholders' behalf in a diversified portfolio of securities. A closed-end mutual fund has a constant number of shares, the value depends on the market supply and demand for the shares rather than directly on the value of the portfolio, the fund does issue certificates, and the securities are traded on a stock exchange.
- B. Types of investments that cannot be categorized as to level of risk: (In general, investments that are not securities are not classified in categories of credit risk)
 - 1. <u>Reverse Repurchase Agreements</u> An agreement in which a broker-dealer or financial institution (buyer-lender) transfers cash to a governmental entity (seller- borrower); the entity transfers securities to the broker-dealer or financial institution and promises to repay the cash plus interest in exchange for a) the same securities, or for b) different securities.
 - 2. Open-end Mutual Funds The investment company sells shares of its stock to investors and it invests on the shareholders' behalf in a diversified portfolio of securities. In contrast to a closed-end mutual fund, the open-end mutual fund creates new shares to meet investor demand, the value depends directly on the value of the portfolio, the fund does not issue certificates but sends out periodic statements showing account activity. These investments are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.
 - 3. <u>Investments in pools managed by another government</u> GASB 3 does not require the investment to be categorized as to level of risk, but it does not prohibit it either. Generally, these investments would not be categorized because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.
 - 4. Private placements, such as venture capital and limited partnerships
 - 5. <u>Investments in real estate, annuity contracts, and direct investments in mortgages</u>
- III. Categories of Credit Risk for Deposits and Investments:

Deposits and investments are subject to several types of risks, mainly credit risk and market risk.

- <u>Credit risk</u> defined as the risk that a counterparty to an investment transaction will not fulfill its obligations and can be associated with the issuer of securities, with a financial institution holding deposits, or with a party holding investment or collateral securities.
- <u>Market risk</u> defined as the risk that the market value of investment securities, collateral securities protecting a deposit, or securities of a repurchase agreement will decline.
- <u>Credit risk categories</u> concerned with custodial credit risk, which is the risk that a government will not be able (1) to recover deposits if the depository financial institution fails or (2) to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party if the counterparty to the investment or deposit transaction fails.
- A. Deposits are classified into three categories depending on whether they are insured or collateralized, and who holds the collateral and how the collateral is held.
 - <u>Collateral</u> Securities pledged by the financial institution for the purpose of securing the governmental entity's deposits.
 - <u>Collateralized</u> When the entity's deposits are secured with securities pledged by the financial institution holding the deposits.
 - Category 1 Deposits that are covered by insurance (FDIC) or collateralized with securities that are held by the entity in the entity's name or registered in the entity's name.
 - <u>Category 2</u> Deposits that are not insured but are collateralized with securities that are held by the financial institution's trust department or agent and are in the entity's name.
 - Category 3 Deposits that are not covered by insurance and also are not collateralized. Not collateralized includes when the securities are held by the financial institution's trust department or agent and they are not in the entity's name.
- B. Investments are classified into three categories depending on whether they are insured or registered, and who holds the securities and how they are held.
 - <u>Category 1</u> Investments that are insured (SIPC) or registered in the entity's name, or securities held by the entity or agent in the entity's name.
 - Category 2 Investments that are not insured or registered, and the securities are held by the

counterparty's trust department or agent in the entity's name.

<u>Category 3</u> – Investments that are not insured or registered, and the securities are held by the counterparty or it's trust department or agent not in the entity's name.

- Securities as applied to the credit risk categories :
 Securities a transferable financial instrument that evidences ownership or creditorship. Securities can be in either paper or book-entry form.
 - 1. Examples of securities that are often held by or pledged to (as collateral) governmental entities include:
 - a. treasury bills, treasury notes, treasury bonds
 - b. federal agency obligations
 - c. corporate debt instruments (including commercial paper)
 - d. corporate equity instruments
 - e. negotiable CD's (keyword here is negotiable)
 - f. bankers' acceptances
 - g. shares of closed-end mutual funds (keyword here is <u>closed-end</u>)
 - h. shares of unit investment trusts
 - 2. Instruments or investments that are <u>not</u> securities include: (These instruments or investments would therefore not be categorized as to credit risk for GASB 3 disclosure requirements)
 - a. investments made directly with another party (such as limited partnerships)
 - b. real estate
 - c. direct investments in mortgages and other loans
 - d. investments in open-ended mutual funds (keyword here is open-ended)
 - e. pools managed by other governments
 - f. annuity contracts
 - g. guaranteed investment contracts